



Sarhangpour FIE satellite

Men's sabre individual

10 sep 2023

ISFAHAN-IRAN

Dear Friends,

It is with great pleasure that I invite you to **Sarhangpour FIE Satellite** on behalf of the **Fencing Federation of I.R. of IRAN**, which will be held at Isfahan, the most wonderful historical city in Iran, on 10th of September 2022.

Detail of competition as follows:

Organizer:

Iran Fencing Federation

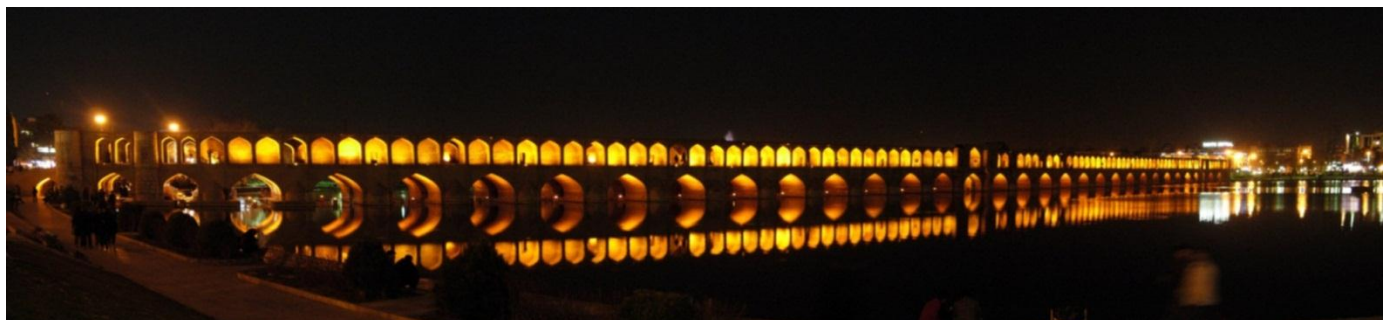
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Si-o-se-pol bridge

Competition venue

Rouzbeh Sarhangpour Fencing Academy
Bozorgmehr st., 16 Alley, Nasr Sport Stadium, Isfahan, Iran.

Prizes:

1ST PLACE: 2000 US\$

2ND PLACE: 1000 US\$

3RD PLACES: 500 US\$ EACH

| Schedule | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Saturday 9th of Sep | 14:00 – 21:00 | Entry fee payment, Weapon Control |
| Sunday 10th of Sep | 08:00 08:30 10:00 | Men's Sabre Individual Venue open Weapon Control Start of competition |

Participation

The competition is open to all countries without any restriction on the number of participants.



Ali-qapoo mansion

Entry

Open to all fencers with FIE License.

No fencer is allowed to take part in an official event of the FIE unless he or she is at least 13 years old on 1 January in the year of the competition.

Entries of fencers can only be made at the FIE website, www.fie.org, respecting the deadlines specified in the FIE Rules (cf. o.54).

Entry fee

30 US\$ per fencer

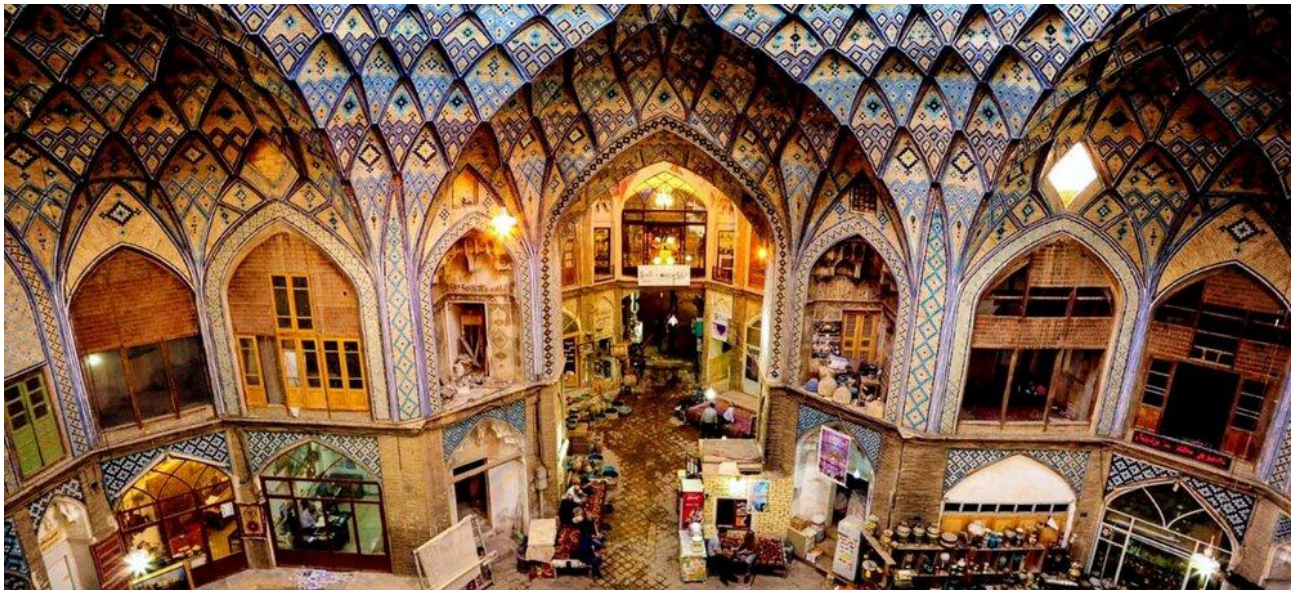
Referee Obligation

1–4 fencers: No obligation to provide a referee

5–9 fencers: One referee

10 or more fencers: Two referees

Referees' accommodation will be covered by the organizers.



great bazaar

Formula

One qualifying round of pools followed by direct elimination table.

Accommodation and Transport

Accommodation for 2 fencers from each country who register first will be covered by the Organizers.

Transport from airport to hotel and vice versa is provided by the organizers.

For further information please contact: +98 913 106 1253
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Warm regards,

Dr. Alireza Poursalman

President of Iran Fencing Federation



Chehel-sotoun



Vank church

Isfahan is a visual feast

Isfahan is Iran's top tourist destination for good reason. Its profusion of tree-lined boulevards, Persian gardens and important Islamic buildings gives it a visual appeal unmatched by any other Iranian city and the many artisans working here underpin its reputation as a living museum of traditional culture.

Walking through the historic bazaar, over the picturesque bridges and across the UNESCO-listed central square are sure to be highlights of a holiday. (Source: lonelyplanet.com)



Imam mosque

Isfahan (Sepahan), with an area of 250 Km², is located in the center of Iran's main Plateau (Travel to Isfahan). The weather in Isfahan is semi-arid and temperate. Average annual temperature in the city is 16 oC and average precipitation is 13mm. Thanks to Zayandehroud River, Isfahan's agriculture has been successful despite the dry weather. However, during the pas recent years, precipitation in the city of Isfahan and regions in the upstream of Zayandeh Roud has decreased and caused the temporary closure of the river.

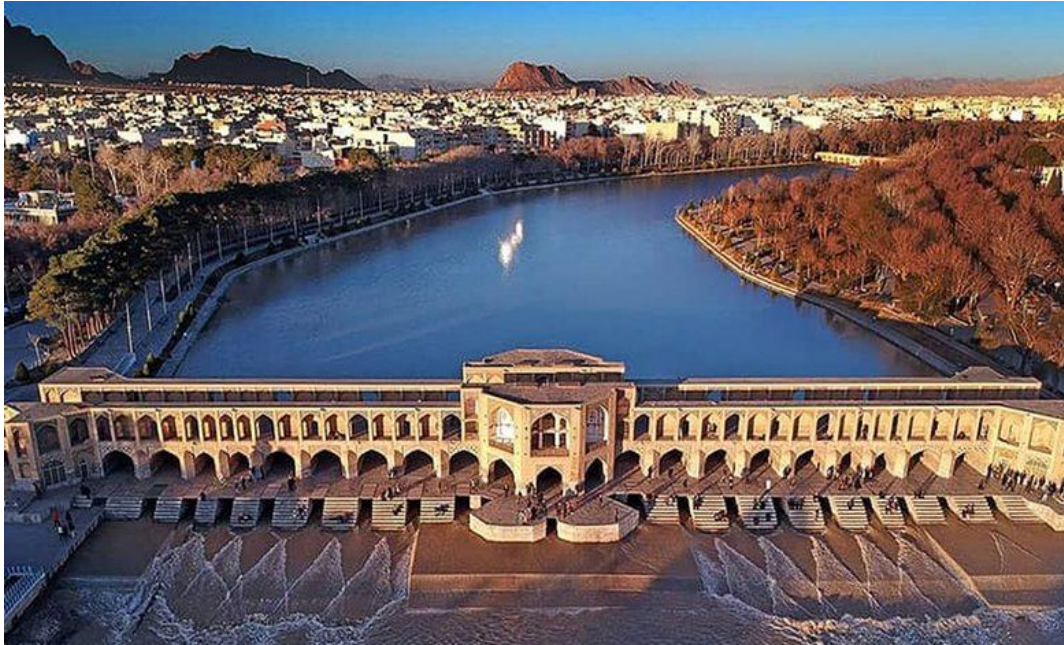


Vank church



Naghshe-jahan square

During the Sassanid era, Isfahan was called Ispahan (Espahan) or Sepahian which mean “gathering place of the army”. The army of the time would gather in the fertile lands of the region. In 640 CE Isfahan fell into the hands of Muslims army without war or bloodshed and through concluding a peace deal. It became part of the vast land that Islam ruled over.



Khajoo bridge

In the year 1387 AD, Tamerlane plundered the city and ordered the massacre of its people.

During the time of the first Safavid rulers Isfahan became one of Iran’s most important trade, cultural and industrial centers. In the late 16th century, Shah Abbas ordered the change of the capital from Qazvin to Isfahan. It was the capital of Iran for about one and a half century and gained its world renowned fame.

Isfahan has been called numerous names since ancient times: Apadana, Asfhan, Esbahan, Ispatna, Ispahan, Aspadan, Esfahan, Partak, Pari, Pertikan, Jey, Dar El Yahudi (land of the Jews), Shahrestan, Gaba, Yahudieh (Jews Town). In the Shahnameh (most famous Persian epic poem), this city has been repeatedly referred to as Sepahan.

Isfahan Facts

- 3rd largest city in Iran. And 3rd most populated after Tehran and Mashhad.
- 6 UNESCO heritage registered sites.
- Cultural capital of the Islamic World (2006)
- Capital of culture and civilization of Islamic Iran and industrial capital of Iran after Tehran.(2009)
- Called “Nesf-e Jahan” meaning half of the world for its glorious Islamic architecture, beautiful boulevards, ancient bridges, palaces and mosques.
- In 2015, Isfahan and Rasht were the first Iranian cities to join the UNESCO’s World Creative Cities Network.



Isfahan architecture